## Photomultiplier Tube<sup>a</sup>

#### S-4 RESPONSE

VERY SMALL, RUGGEDIZED, SIDE-ON, 9-STAGE TYPE
TESTED FOR SHOCK, VIBRATION, CONSTANT ACCELERATION,
AND TEMPERATURE CYCLING

For Ultra-Compact Systems in Low-Light Detection and Measurement Applications

#### **GENERAL**

Spectral Response											S-4
Cathode.  Minimum projected winimum projected winimum projected winimum projected a								. Ces	i um-	Antin	onv
Minimum projected	l ena:	thb.		: :		: :				0.375	ir
Minimum projected v	widt	h b		: :		: :				0.06	ir
Minimum projected	area	Ь.		: :	:	: :			0.0	23 sq.	ir
Secondary-Emitting Si	urfa	ce .			-			. Ces	sium-	-Antin	non
Window Lime	Gla	88.	ĺĊc	rn i	nac	No	.0080	٥١. ٥	or e	uival	en
Direct Interelectrode	e Ca	nac	itar	Ces	"7a	oor	ox. )	,,,		1	
Anode-to-dynode No	a	, ,								. 2.	i ol
Anode to all other	ele	ctr	odes	: :						. 3.0	וס' נ
Maximum Overall Leng	th .	-			:					1.37	, ii
Evoluding semifley	ihle	l ρ.	ads.								
Length								. 0	. 43	± 0.0	3 in
Bully too to useful	cen	ter	ca1	hod	e 2	irea					
Maximum Diameter					_					0.5	3 in
Operating Position .	: :	:	: :	: :	:						An
Weight (Approx.)	• •	•			•	: :				0.17	7 0
Ru 1 h					_						T-1
Magnetic Shield	: :	:						See	foo	tnot e	( d
Base	See	Di	men:	sion	a l	Out	line	and	Bas	e Dra	win
Basing Designation f	or B	OTT	OM 1	VIEW							12F
basing besignation .		•	•				DIRECT				
						INC	DENT	RADI	ATION		
Lead 1 - Anode	o							±20			
Lead 3 - Dynode No						~	7				
Lead 4 - Dynode No						υτ9 <sub>(</sub>	12)	1 .	$\bigcap^r$		
Lead 5 - Dynode No						,	٦١_	• /	$\sim$		
Lead 6 - Dynode No					KG	<u>.</u>	1	7	\		
Lead 7 - Dynode No					(	$\sim$	くて	7	- \	(3)DY	ſ8
Lead 8 - Dynode No				O.	(10	$\sim$	᠘``	7	17	-01	-
Lead 9 - Dynode No				01		7	۵		12/	~	
Lead 10 - Dynode No					1	$\sim$	T'&.		<b>ا</b> لا	(4) DY	7
Lead 11 - Photocath	oae				)cY(	<b>"</b>	$\times$	ィツ	ヘ		

#### MAXIMUM RATINGS, ABSOLUTE-MAXIMUM VALUES

DC Supply	Voltage							
Between	anode and cathode •					. 1	250	٧
Between	anode and dynode No.9						250	٧
Between	consecutive dynodes						250	٧
	dynode No.1 and cathode.							

Lead 12 - Dynode No.9

Average Anode Current f Ambient Temperature Lead Temperature																75	oс
1/16" ± 1/32" from pro	ot e	ec t	tiv	·e	sh	e l	) 1	for	- 1	ŀŌ	se	ec.	r	na:	×.	250	Ü

#### CHARACTERISTICS RANGE VALUES

Under conditions with dc supply voltage (E) across a voltage divider providing I/IO of E between cathode and dynode No.1; I/IO of E for each succeeding dynode stage; and I/IO of E between dynode No.9 and anode.

With E = 1000 volts (except as noted)

	Min	Typ	Max	
Sensitivity		• •		
Radiant, at 4000 angstroms Cathode Radiant, at	-	7.3x10 <sup>4</sup>	-	A/W
4000 angstroms Luminous, at 0 c/sg	- 20 2x10-5	0.034 75 3.5×10 <sup>-5</sup>	300 -	A/W A/lm A/lm
stroms (Approx.)	_	10.5	_	9,
Current Amplification	-	2. 1×106	- k	70
Equivalent Anode-Dark- Current Input <sup>j</sup>	{ <del>-</del> -	1x10-10 <sup>k</sup> 1x10-13 <sup>m</sup> 1.4x10-9 6x10-9	5x10-10 <sup>k</sup> 5.1x10-13 <sup>m</sup>	l m W s s

With E = 750 volts (except as noted)

0	Min	Typ	Max	
Sensitivity Radiant, at 4000 angstroms. Cathode Radiant, at	-	1×10 <sup>4</sup>	-	A/W
4000 angstroms	-	0.034	-	A/W
Luminous, at 0 c/s <sup>9</sup>	-	10	-	A/1m
Cathode Luminous <sup>h</sup>	2x10-5	3.5x10 <sup>-5</sup>	-	A/1m
Cathode Quantum Efficiency				,
at 3800 Ångstroms (Approx.)	-	10.5	_	%
Current Amplification	-	3x10 <sup>5</sup>	-	
Equivalent Anode-Dark- Current Input <sup>j</sup>	١ -	x 0 <sup>- 0<sup>k</sup>  x 0<sup>- 3<sup>m</sup></sup></sup>	5x10 <sup>-10<sup>k</sup></sup> 5.1x10 <sup>-13<sup>m</sup></sup>	1 m
	<b>\</b> -	1x10-13	5. lx10 <sup>-13</sup>	W
Anode-Pulse Rise Time <sup>n</sup>	` -	1.8x10-9	-	s
Electron Transit Time <sup>p</sup>	-	7.4x10 <sup>-9</sup>	-	s

Alternate designation is Multiplier Phototube.

On a plane parallel to the grill wires. See Schematic Arrangement of Structure,

c Made by Corning Glass Works, Corning, N.Y.

Magnetic shielding material in the form of foil or tape as available from the Magnetic Shield Division, Prefection Mica Company, 1322 North Elston Avenue, Chicago 22, Illinois, or equivalent.

e Operation with a supply voltage (E) of less than 500 volts dc is usually not recommended. If such a supply voltage is used, illumination must be limited to such a value that the average cathode photocurrent does not exceed approximately  $5 \times 10^{-9}$  ampere.

Averaged over any interval of 30 seconds maximum.

- 9 Under the following conditions: The light source is a tungsten-filament lamp having a lime glass envelope. It is operated at a color temperature of 2870%. A light input of 1 microlumen is used and the approximate spot size of the beam incident on the tube envelope is 0.35 inch by 0.05 inch. The tube is rotated to provide maximum anode output current.
- by 0.05 inch. The tupe is rotated to provide maximum should be a filament lamp having a lime glass envelope. It is operated at a color temperature of 2870 °K. The value of light flux is 0.001 lumen and 100 volts is applied hetween cathode and all other electrodes connected as anode. The approximate spot size of the beam incident on the tube envelope is 0.35 inch by 0.05 inch. The tube is rotated to provide maximum output
- $^{
  m j}$  At a tube temperature of 22  $^{
  m o}$ C. Dark current may be reduced by use of a refrigerant.
- k With supply voltage (E) adjusted to give a luminous sensitivity of 20 amperes per lumen.
- M At 4000 angstroms.
- Measured between 10 per cent and 90 per cent of maximum mnode-pulse height. This mnode-pulse rise time is primarily a function of transit time variation and is measured under conditions with the incident light fully illuminating the photocathode.
- The electron transit time is the time interval between the arrival of a delta function light pulse at the entrance window of the tube and the time at which the output pulse at the anode terminal reaches peak amplitude. The transit time is measured under conditions with the incident light fully illuminating the photocathode.

#### SPECTRAL-SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC OF PHOTOSENSITIVE DEVICE HAVING S-4 RESPONSE

is shown at the front of this section

#### ENVIRONMENTAL TESTS

The 8571 is designed to withstand the following environmental tests:

Shock. With no voltage applied, the 8571 is subjected to a total of 18 impact shocks, three in each direction of the three orthogonal axes, on apparatus which applies half-wave sinusoidal shock pulses. The peak acceleration of the impact shock is 30 ± 3g's and the time duration is 11 ± 1 milliseconds.

Vibration. With no voltage applied, the 8571 is vibrated, in each of the three orthogonal axes and as specified below, on apparatus which applies variable-sinusoidal frequency vibration to the tube. A vibration sweep has a duration of 5 minutes per axis in which time the frequency is varied logarithmically from 5 to 2000 and back to 5 cycles per second. vibration sweeps are performed for each axis and the total test period is 1-1/2 hours.

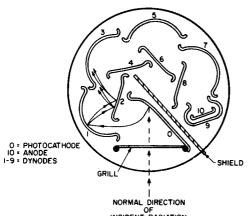
Double Amplitude inches	Accelera- tion g's	Fre- quency c/s	Total Sweep Duration Per Axis minutes
0.45	-	5-30	\
	20	30-2000	30
-	20	2000-30	16
0.45	-	30-5	['

Constant Acceleration. With no voltage applied, the 8571 is subjected for five minutes to an acceleration test level of  $15~\mbox{g's}$  in both directions of the three orthogonal axes in a centrifuge providing constant acceleration.

Temperature Cycling. With no voltage applied, the 8571 is subjected to temperature cycling from  $-45^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+75^{\circ}\text{C}$  and back to  $-45^{\circ}\text{C}$  in a period of 8 hours. Three temperature cycles are performed.

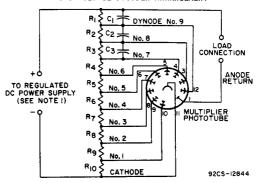
#### SCHEMATIC ARRANGEMENT OF STRUCTURE

(Too View)



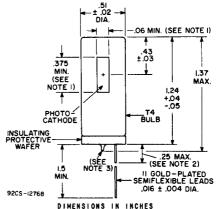
OF INCIDENT RADIATION

#### TYPICAL VOLTAGE-DIVIDER ARRANGEMENT



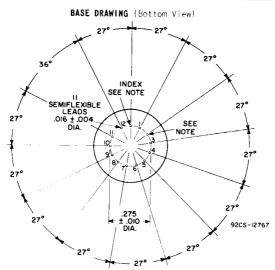
 $R_1$  through  $R_{10} = 20,000$  to 5,000,000 ohms. NOTE !: Adjustable between approximately 500 and 1250 volts. NOTE 2: Capacitors C1 through C3 should be connected near tube base for optimum high-frequency performance.

#### DIMENSIONAL OUTLINE



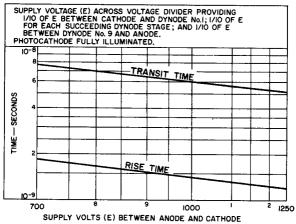
NOTE I: Minimum projected cathode length and width on plane parallel to grill wires. NOTE 2: Soldering or welding to the leads within this region is not recommended.

NOTE 3: A 0.15 inch minimum hole diameter should be provided in circuit boards or similar mounting arrangements to allow for clearance of the exhaust tip of the 8571.



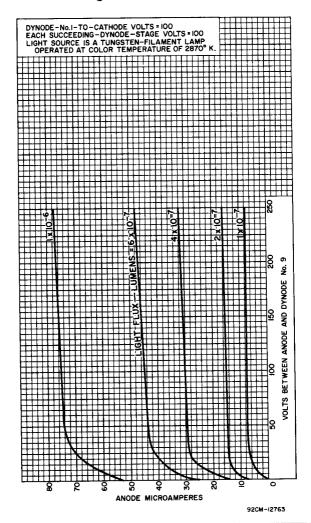
NOTE: Lead is cut off within 0.10 inch of the glass button for indexing.

## Typical Time Resolution Characteristics

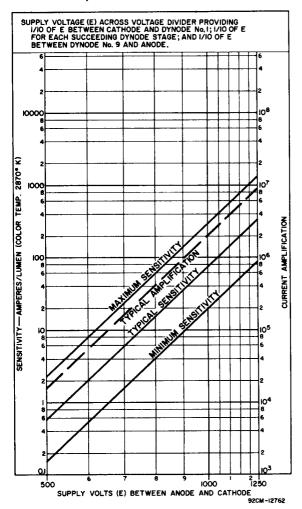


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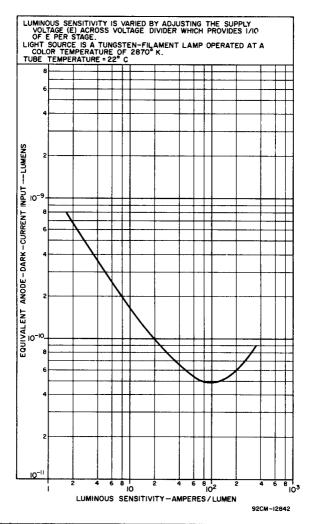
## **Average Anode Characteristics**



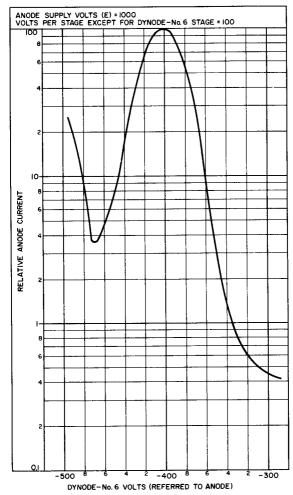
## Typical Sensitivity and Current Amplification Characteristics



## Typical Anode-Dark-Current Characteristic



# Typical Anode Current Modulation Characteristic



92CM-12828



## Typical Effect of Magnetic Field on Anode Current

